#### Clarifying Expected Behavior Expectations and Rules



MU Center for SW-PBS College of Education University of Missouri



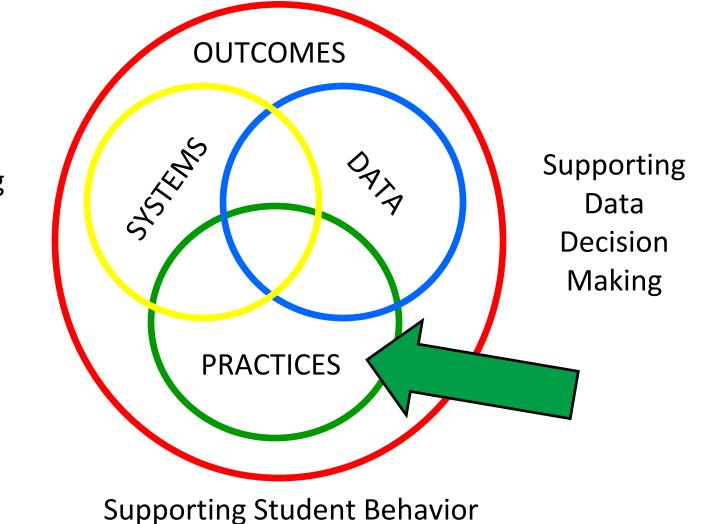


#### **Session Outcomes**

At the end of today's session, you will be able to ...

- Review the three to five schoolwide expectations that define success for all students and are applicable in all settings.
- Create a matrix of specific behaviors/rules to further clarify each schoolwide expectation for the classroom.

Social Competence & Academic Achievement



Supporting Staff Behavior

MO SW-PBS

### Science of Behavior

- Behavior is learned
- Students do not learn what to do when they are given only adverse consequences
- To *learn* social behavior, students must be directly taught.
- To retain new behaviors, students must be given specific, positive feedback and opportunities to practice.

# The Science of Behavior

 $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$ 

Antecedent	Behavior	Consequence
Events that happen <u>immediately before</u> and trigger a behavior. <i>Example:</i>	An observable act. What the student does. The actions or reactions to the antecedents.	The resulting event or outcome that occurs immediately following the behavior. Impacts future occurrence of the behavior.
Hallway rules and procedures are established and taught.	Example: Student keeps voice quiet, body to self and walks on the right.	Example: Teacher gives specific verbal recognition. Appropriate hall behavior increases.

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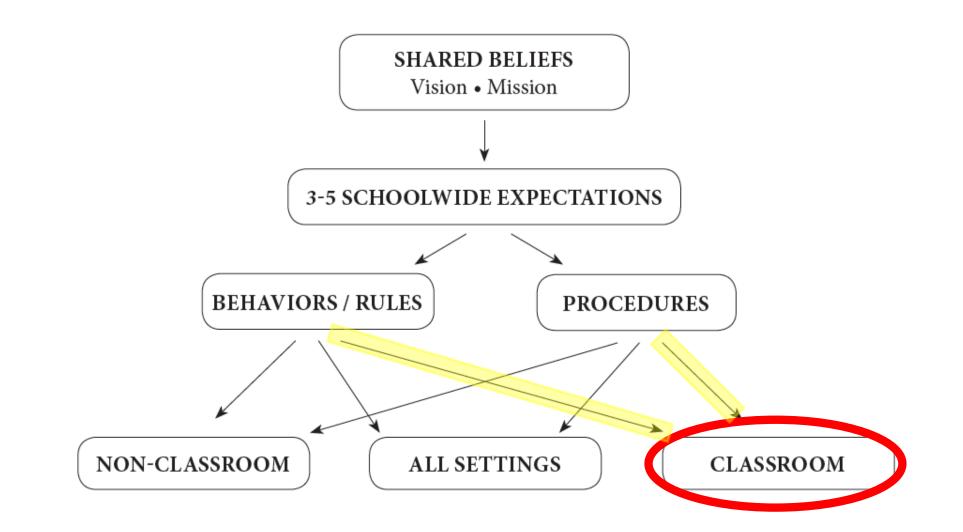


#### Children See, Children Do

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KHi2dxSf9hw







#### MO SW-PBS

#### **Defining Behaviors/Rules**

- Specifically Identified Behaviors should be:
  - Observable Behaviors we can see
  - Measurable We can count occurrences
  - Positively Stated What we do to be successful
  - Understandable Student-friendly language
  - Always Applicable The same everyday

# All Settings

- What? Rules that are expected in each and every school location and are connected to the 3-5
  Why? schoolwide expectations identified.
  - Expectations often not clear or agreed upon by all staff.
  - Supervisors change day by day.
  - Need to state behavior only once on Matrix, fewer rules on Matrix.



### Non-Classroom Areas

What?

Why?

- Any area of the school not under the direct and consistent supervision of one adult.
  - Expectations often not clear or agreed upon by all staff.
  - Supervisors change day by day.
  - Allows staff to teach expectations prior to entering the setting and consistently supervise.
  - Increases staff and student comfort when in these areas.



# Classroom Behaviors/Rules

- *What?* Rules that apply in your classroom.
  - Expectations often not clear or agreed upon by all.
- Why?
- Students spend the majority of their day in the classroom.
- Prevents problem behaviors.
- Increases instructional time.
- Provides language for teaching and feedback for students, staff and parents.



# The second secon

#### With your staff discuss:

- What will be some benefits of having common expectations and rules in all settings, non-classroom areas and in classrooms in the school?
- What are some specific behaviors and rules for the classroom that mirror those for schoolwide and nonclassroom settings?

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